

WHEN METHUEN WAS SHOT.

"Early in the afternoon the general was shot through the thigh and for some time the two brigades, in the absence of orders were compelled to act independently of each other, the only communications being warning in the Sixth Brigade not to fire upon the First, of which there was some danger.

"The magnificent manner in which the Boers had realized and augmented the strength of their position, the success with which they had kept their working and disposition secret until the crucial moment, the feat on the extreme right by which they drew off the entire artillery strength of our force from their main position, and the astonishing accuracy of their picked shots at the longest ranges should all be remembered to the credit of their commander.

"But it was in the material which formed the commanders that they failed. They could not do more than they are. They did not lead the men under their command. Already jealousies had sprung up between the Generals, the Generals were at sixes and sevens, and the threat of physical force had, if rumors were true, to be held over them more than once.

"The long-range Maxim gun was the most effective weapon used by the Boers. The fire of six shells fired in one second, while the gun was traversed half a mile, caused such steady discharges as to prevent fire from the ordinary 15-pound guns at intervals.

"I was not far from me had both taken off as he sat, by one of the shells landing on the ground, and he was shot, but there is no question as to which was the fatal shot.

"The practical results of the day were cordially disliked by the two new weapons, that the Boers had been 'bagged' which in 1899 was a new word.



The storming line was now so near the crest that the girls could only hear the direct rush of the wind and the position from the spur of the ridge on the left, and almost in a calm line C. S. Taylor, closely followed by Lieut. Jones, of the marines, reached the outer works of the sapper and made their way over.

In the next half minute fifty men turned up the hill, and the ranks pressed forward to clear the position for the rear; this was, however, stubbornly resisted, and the men were mowed down, perhaps, as a screen than anything else, to cover the retreat of the Boers.

HILL DRIPPED BLOOD.

"Above the hilltop was almost dripping with blood; not a boulder escaped its splash of crimson, and the ammunition boxes, soldiers' hats and the terrific noise of the battle, and the dead

The man who expects to spend \$500 on clothing at any time within the next few months will very likely find to his advantage to attend the **Spring Sale of S. N. Wood & Co.** Clothing values and clothing has been reduced to such an extent that the paper readers, but actual customers will convince anybody of the superior values in this clothing sale of S. N. Wood & Co.

It has been going on all week at their store has been crowded. Night after night the store has been so crowded that people have managed to get their goods on a second night for Saturday's business. The store is so crowded that no customer will be served promptly.

Although the prices are reduced on all goods, the store has a special sale kept in repair for one year just at the present time. The firm had received a full price for it.

The store will be open on Saturday

Santo Domingo.
SANTO DOMINGO, Jan. 12. — The United States gunboat Machias and others more French warships have arrived here. The French Admiral has had a conference with the Government.
According to rumor, the difficulty with France is being settled in a satisfactory manner.

SPOTTED TAIL IS DEAD.

Siox Chief Stricken with Measles Disease in Paris at Eighty-nine Years.
PARIS, Jan. 12.—Spotted Tail, the well-known Sioux Chief, who has been exhibiting, died of heart disease.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The War Office to-day issued the following statement:—

Gen. Buller, dated Springfield, Jan. 11, 1897, evening:

"I occupied the south bank of the Tugela River at Porgieters Drift this morning and seized Pont. The river is to be held. The enemy is strongly entrenched about four and a half miles to the north."

Apart from the definite news that Gen. Buller has begun a second attempt to cross the Tugela River by a flanking move, the only official news this morning is the list of casualties among the British officers in the fight at Ladysmith, showing thirteen killed and twenty-seven wounded.

Among the latter was Lieut.-Col. William Henry Dick-Cynephnam, V. C., commander of the Second Battalion of the Gordon Highlanders since 1897, who has since succumbed to his wounds. He was immensely popular everywhere, and his death will cause widespread sorrow.

Springfield, where Gen. Buller's despatch was sent from, is sixteen miles from the Tugela River, and is the headquarters of the British army in the Transvaal. It was there that it was held by the Johannesburg Corps, under Gen. Berthel Viljoen, and that the Boers had big guns in position at Porgieters Drift, apparently six or eight miles north of Springfield and across the big Tugela.

The possession of the drift and the point is regarded as of great importance.

It is reported here that Gen. Buller suggested the plan of campaign to Lord Roberts immediately after the latter landed and that Roberts sanctioned it.

There was a unique ceremony at the Guildhall to-day when 500 of the City of London Volunteer Companies received their kits and the freedom of the city.

The big crowds in the vicinity cheered the arriving volunteers, each of whom received a parchment certificate of his freedom, and a most beautiful banner.

The ceremonial adding to the interest of this afternoon, was more elaborate than it occurred in the presence of the Lord Mayor, the Councillors and the Duke of

PARIS, Jan. 12.—An eccentric old American woman, known at the United States Legation and Consulate for the past twenty years under the name of "Lady Livingstone," has died here under extraordinary circumstances, leaving a large fortune for unknown heirs. Her eccentricities and incompatibility of temper made constant trouble for her, and it was chiefly to make complaint of the actions of her neighbors that she called continually on the American officials.

She always dressed fantastically, but in the life of a recluse. She had two rooms at No. 17, but one of the rooms was a parrot, and she always headed she was in reduced circumstances.

Not being seen from Friday last: her rooms were broken into on Monday, when "Lady Livingstone" was found lying in the middle of the floor unconscious, and was taken to the hospital, where she died without regaining the power of conversation.

There were indications that she had fallen in the floor from Friday until discovered. The room was in the greatest disorder. Her papers and books, coal, food and scraps of food were scattered about the place.

Her remains were taken in charge by the officials of the Consulate and were interred without avail. No will or anything designating her heirs was discovered.

The sum of 1,400 francs was found in the room, and the Consulate's officials also have in their possession a deposit on a promissory bank for a very large sum, the exact amount of which the officials prefer not to mention.

The letters found indicate that the correct name of the deceased was Maria L. Livingstone, and that she was thirty years of age. There was no evidence of foul play.

The body has been embalmed and placed in a mortuary chapel, and the Consul-General is making efforts to locate her heirs.

the evidence and the fact that the defendant was found in the area of the crime scene at the time of the crime.



United States Health Reports.

ON THE HYGIENIC VALUE OF CIGARS.

With reference to cigars, as is well known, they contain more or less nicotine, which is poison; however, if the tobacco is of proper grade and correctly cured and cleanly manufactured, there will be found in such properly made cigars just enough nicotine to be of hygienic value in preventing the smoker from catching contagious diseases, and also frequently cure membranaceous mucous disease germs. Therefore the *United States Health Reports* go on record as declaring that cigars can be made (and in this instance have been found made) so as to be *healthful, sanitary, and of hygienic value.*

Inasmuch as we are looked to for unbiased reports on such matters, solely for the public welfare, as an instituted and dependable authority on matters of health for the benefit of the American public—and inasmuch as we have received many inquiries on this subject—and have instituted an examination into this matter and have investigated a great number of the various brands of cigars offered the public, we have found that the “Lucke’s Rolls” and “Lucke’s Rolled Cigars,” made by J. H. Lucke & Co. of Cincinnati, O., were perfect and came up to every exacting qualification. They are made of finest tropical tobacco, hygienically handled from the very start, and manufactured according to the best methods known to science. Extreme cleanliness is required in every handling, and they reach the consumer with the absolute guarantee that they combine the very best qualities possible to be contained in a cigar.

Knowing the wholesomeness of this product, we advise the use of these goods by all who wish a healthful smoke. Upon the highly favorable report of our Hygienic Experts and Medical Staff we cordially extend to the Lucke Cigars and Rolls our editorial and official indorsement.

A. N. TALLEY, M. D.,
For United States Health Reports.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 2, 1900.

The above is the first and only high authoritative recognition ever given any make of cigars in this country.

Critics have said it looks as if the government wishes to encourage the products of our new island, Porto Rico. But that is not the reason of above important testimony.

The reason is that the stock used in Rolled Cigars are tender young leaves—tropical loam-soil, new growths of fine, delicate, but rich-tasting tobacco. And you can smoke them all day, enjoying every whiff without a trace of nausea.

THE ABOVE REVEALS ONLY ONE REASON
why you should call for and insist upon getting Rolled
Cigars from your dealer. There are

THREE OTHER REASONS.

pay-for-value-only—no paying for useless carefulness in shaping, binding and finishing.

They look O. K. in the mouth—are full cigar size—and are a neat smoke, holding the ash without flecky droppings-off on one's clothes.

5. These goods—by reason of their close price—have no champions except among consumers. There is no urging or effort to sell them by dealers.

Please do us the favor to remember these points until you have the opportunity to try them.

We can't remind you EVERY DAY.

THE LUCKE

ROLLED CIGAR

10 FEB 05

FOR 75¢

10 200

They won't be pushed at you. They're bold close. Not always in sight where kept.

So don't wait to see them, but ask for them.

ity they are positively superior to the run of 'Cuban' leaf goods now being sold at PAN-

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